Version: 01



# LUCKY Torque Wrench



## English Instruction for Use



B3-FO-01-012	Business Development – Engineering	
	Formulary	
Version: 01	Instruction For Use	Technology

### Table des matières

Description of the torque wrench	3
Jse	3
Grease	3
Recommendations	4
Storage / Packing	4
The different parts of the torque wrench	4
Vrench handling process.         1.       Disassembly of the torque wrench	5
1. Disassembly of the torque wrench	5
2. Cleaning the torque wrench	5
3. Disinfecting the torgue wrench	6
<ol> <li>Assembling the torque wrench</li> <li>Sterilization</li> </ol>	6
nspection, maintenance and test	7

<b>B3 E0 01 012</b>	Business Development – Engineering	
B3-FO-01-012	Formulary	
Version: 01	Instruction For Use	Technology

#### Description of the torque wrench

Torque wrench kit consisting of:

- 1x Torque wrench
- 1x Tube of grease

The torque wrench, with fixed torque, is a dental device which allows the tightening and loosening of screws, prosthetic elements, and implants; it is a precision, easy to disassemble instrument, delivered unsterilized. In order to guarantee its proper operation, the torque wrench must be 1) disassembled, 2) cleaned, 3) disinfected 4) assembled/greased, and 5) sterilized before the first use and after each use by following the instructions described below;

The handling and use of the product are carried out without direct control on our part and remain the responsibility of the user. No responsibility may be attributed to us for damages resulting from improper use.

#### Use

Before each use, it is necessary to ensure that the mark on the torque adjustment screw (No. 7) is positioned in such a way as to form a continuous line with the mark on the handle (No. 4). If this is not the case, turn the torque adjustment screw clockwise until it stops to remedy this.

It is essential that the torque value on the torque adjustment screw (no. 7) corresponds to the value on the handle (no. 4).



Fig. 1 Alignment of the lines guaranteeing the indicated torque

The word "IN", legible on the cover (no. 3) indicates the wrench position allowing tightening; by turning the device over, the word "OUT" allows loosening.

The interface of the end caps used with the wrench must correspond to the interface of the socket (no. 1).

#### Grease

« Instrument Lubricant » NSF H1 and FDA 21 CFR § 178.3570 certified

B3-FO-01-012	Business Development – Engineering	
	Formulary	
Version: 01	Instruction For Use	Technology

#### Recommendations

This instrument must not be used for applications other than those mentioned in the paragraph "Description of wrench" or with equipment that affects the expected performance of the device.

The set torque must comply with the requirements defined by the manufacturer of the screwed element.

In the event of deterioration of the screwing or ratcheting mechanisms, the medical device must be inspected by the person responsible for use and maintenance of the device. In the event of a defect or change in device performance, return the wrench to the supplier or distributor.

### During assembly, it is essential to not mix different components belonging to different instruments as the parts are not interchangeable.

If any part is misplaced, please return the instrument in question immediately to your approved dealer. No part may be sold separately.

**Do not store the wrench with the spring compressed but set on the rest line**. To do this, position the torque adjustment screw (no. 7) so that the resting line is aligned at its end.



This device must not be sterilized in its original packaging.

#### Storage / Packing

Wrenches must be kept in a dry place at room temperature and kept in a dry place.

No packaging for sterilization is provided with the wrench. The person responsible for maintaining this medical device must provide a rack corresponding to the dimensions of the wrench.

#### The different parts of the torque wrench



Fig. 3 The wrench is composed of the following elements:

- 1. socket
- 2. ratchet
- 3. cover
- 4. head / handle
- 5. screw
- 6. spring / stop
- 7. torque adjustment screw
- 8. hex socket
- 9. washer (PPS)
- 10. brake (PTFE)

B3-FO-01-012	Business Development – Engineering	
	Formulary	
Version: 01	Instruction For Use	Technology

#### Wrench handling process

#### 1) Disassembly

- 2) Cleaning
- 3) Disinfection
- 4) Assembly / lubrification
- 5) Sterilization

#### 1. Disassembly of the torque wrench

#### Fig. 4

Completely loosen the torque adjustment screw (7) and extract the spring/ stop assembly (6). Use the end of the torque adjustment screw, if necessary, to extract the spring; this operation must be done carefully so as not to damage the hex socket (8). Don't disassemble the stop and the spring (6)



#### **Fig. 5** Usina

Using a hex socket (8), loosen the screw (5) while maintaining a light pressure which will allow the cover (3) to release from the head (4).

#### Fig. 6

The head (4) contains two elements which are to be extracted: the ratchet (2) and the socket (1).

#### 2. Cleaning the torque wrench

Prior to the first use and after each use, the torque wrench must be completely disassembled (Fig. 3 to 5), passed under water and brushed with a soft bristle brush in order to remove all residue.

B3-FO-01-012	Business Development – Engineering	
	Formulary	
Version: 01	Instruction For Use	Technology

#### 3. Disinfecting the torque wrench

In a bath containing a disinfectant product (Helvemed Disinfection Instrument Forte+) diluted to 1.5% in room temperature water. Let the elements soak for 5 minutes in an ultrasonic bath. Rinse the parts in distilled water.

Visually inspect if the Wrench parts are residue-free.

#### 4. Assembling the torque wrench

#### Fig. 7

To assemble the torque wrench, it is necessary to insert the following two elements in the indicated order: the socket (1) and the ratchet (2).



#### Fig. 8

Moderately lubricate the contact area between the teeth of the socket (1) and the ratchet pivot point (2) (S) as shown in Figure 7. Remove traces of lubricant from the external surface as an excess of lubricant cause drippings on the tool surface during sterilization. Only use the "Instrument Lubricant" lubrication delivered with the torgue wrench.

#### Fig. 9

With the elements (1) and (2) in place, replace the cover (3) by adjusting it on the head (4). Firmly tighten the screw (5) using the tool inserted into the torque adjustment screw (7).

#### Fig. 10

Assembly of the wrench is finished when the spring/stop assembly (6) is introduced into the handle (4) and the torque adjustment screw (7) screws into the latter. Once the assembly has been completed, a functional check must be performed; simply activate the socket and the tool works properly if the wrench emits a regular clicking noise. You can now sterilize the previously cleaned, greased and reassembled wrench.

	Business Development – Engineering	
B3-FO-01-012	Formulary	
Version: 01	Instruction For Use	Technology

#### 5. Sterilization

Before sterilization, the wrench must be fully assembled (Fig 7 to 10) and set on the rest line (Fig. 2). The medical device must undergo steam sterilization.

Recommended cycle: 3 (4 for the US market) pre-vacuums, 18 minutes at 134°C / 273°F at 2 bars and drying for 20 minutes.

We recommend the use of devices fitted with vacuum pumps (type B) to reduce the risk of air pockets forming. This recommendation is particularly important for hollow tools and to guarantee perfect drying. The hot air sterilizer is not recommended as it can accelerate the ageing of the spring and consequently cause modification of the torque.

#### Inspection, maintenance and test

No inspection, calibration, or test is necessary for the torque wrench.

The wrench is delivered with a tolerance of ±7Ncm for a lifespan of 3 years, 300 sterilizations or 6,000 clicks.